

In Division 4, Chapter 4, Subchapter 5, amend Article 3 and Sections 3651(c)(1), 3655(c)(1), 3658 and 3662 to read:

Section 3651. Control Program.

(c) Workplans.

(1) The Pierce's Disease Control Program workplan elements shall include, but are not limited to, all of [the](#) following:

(A) Develop and deliver producer outreach information and training to local communities, groups, and individuals to organize involvement with the workplan and to raise awareness regarding Pierce's disease and its vectors.

(B) Develop and deliver ongoing training of the designated local public entity's employees in the biology, survey, and treatment of Pierce's disease and its vectors.

(C) Identify a local Pierce's disease coordinator within the designated local public entity.

(D) Conduct detection and delimitation surveys for vectors.

(E) If determined necessary to prevent the establishment and spread of Pierce's disease and its vectors, direct and coordinate treatment programs to control or eliminate Pierce's disease and its vectors. Treatment programs shall comply with all applicable laws and regulations and shall be conducted in an environmentally responsible manner.

(F) Develop and implement a data collection system to track and report new infestations of Pierce's disease and its vectors in a manner respectful of property and other rights of those affected.

Authority: Sections 407 and 6047, Food and Agricultural Code.

Reference: Section 6045, Food and Agricultural Code.

Section 3655. Standards for Movement.

(c) To ensure that the above standards are met, the receiver shall do all of the following:

(1) Conduct a trapping and detection program as specified by the agricultural commissioner (of the county in which the receiver is located) to determine if the vector is present at [the](#) receiver's facility.

Authority: Sections 407 and 6047, Food and Agricultural Code.

Reference: Section 6045, Food and Agricultural Code.

Article 3. Standards for Plants

The Secretary hereby establishes the following standards for the movements of plants to prevent the artificial spread of the Pierce's disease bacterium and its vectors.

Section 3658. Plants.

Shipments of the following live plants shall meet the requirements of Article 3, Standards for Plants:

Scientific Name	Common Name
<i>Abelia</i> spp.	Abelia
<i>Acacia</i> spp.	Acacia
<i>Aeschynanthus</i> spp.	Basket plant
<i>Agapanthus</i> spp.	Agapanthus
<i>Agonis</i> spp.	Willow myrtle
<i>Ajuga</i> spp.	Bugleweed
<i>Albizia</i> spp.	Albizzia
<i>Aleurites</i> spp.	Aleurites
<i>Alnus</i> spp.	Alder
<i>Althaea</i> spp.	Hollyhock
<i>Amaranthus</i> spp.	Amaranth
<i>Ambrosia</i> spp.	Ragweed
<i>Amelanchier</i> spp.	Serviceberry
<i>Ananas</i> spp.	Ananas
<i>Annona</i> spp.	Annona (cherimoya)
<i>Antirrhinum</i> spp.	Snapdragon
<i>Aptenia</i> spp.	Aptenia

<i>Arbutus</i> spp.	Strawberry tree
<i>Archontophoenix</i> spp.	Seaforthia
<i>Arctostaphylos</i> spp.	Manzanita
<i>Arecastrum</i> spp.	Arecastrum
<i>Aronia</i> spp.	Chokecherry
<i>Asclepias</i> spp.	Milkweed
<i>Asparagus</i> spp.	Asparagus
<i>Aspidistra</i> spp.	Aspidistra
<i>Baccharis</i> spp.	Baccharis
<i>Bauhinia</i> spp.	Bauhinia
<i>Berberis</i> spp.	Barberry
<i>Betula</i> spp.	Birch
<i>Bignonia</i> spp.	Bignonia
<i>Bougainvillea</i> spp.	Bougainvillea
<i>Brachychiton</i> spp.	Bottle tree
<i>Brunfelsia</i> spp.	Brunfelsia
<i>Buxus</i> spp.	Boxwood
<i>Calliandra</i> spp.	Powderpuff
<i>Callistemon</i> spp.	Bottlebrush
<i>Calodendrum</i> spp.	Cape chestnut
<i>Camellia</i> spp.	Camellia
<i>Campsis</i> spp.	Trumpet creeper
<i>Canna</i> spp.	Canna
<i>Carica</i> spp.	Papaya
<i>Capsicum</i> spp.	Pepper, chile
<u><i>Caryota</i> spp.</u>	<u>Fishtail palm</u>
<i>Cassia</i> spp.	Senna

<i>Castanopsis</i> spp.	Chinquapin
<i>Castanospermum</i> spp.	Castanospermum
<i>Catalpa</i> spp.	Catawba
<i>Ceanothus</i> spp.	Redroot
<i>Ceratonia</i> spp.	Carob
<i>Ceratostigma</i> spp.	Ceratostigma
<u><i>Cercidium</i> spp.</u>	<u>Palo verde</u>
<i>Cercis</i> spp.	Redbud
<i>Cercocarpus</i> spp.	Mountain mahogany
<i>Chenopodium</i> spp.	Lambsquarter
<u><i>Chionanthus</i> spp.</u>	<u>Fringe tree</u>
<i>Chitalpa</i> spp.	Chitalpa
<i>Chlorophytum</i> spp.	St. Bernard's lily
<i>Chorisia</i> spp.	Floss-silk tree
<i>Chrysanthemum</i> spp.	Chrysanthemum
<i>Cinnamomum</i> spp.	Cinnamomum
<i>Cissus</i> spp.	Grape ivy
<i>Cistus</i> spp.	Rock rose
<i>Citrus</i> spp.	Citrus
<i>Clytostoma</i> spp.	Clytostoma
<i>Cocculus</i> spp.	Cocculus
<i>Cocos</i> spp.	Cocos
<i>Coffea</i> spp.	Coffee
<i>Coprosma</i> spp.	Coprosma
<i>Cordyline</i> spp.	Ti
<i>Cornus</i> spp.	Dogwood
<i>Cotoneaster</i> spp.	Cotoneaster

<i>Crassula</i> spp.	Crassula
<i>Cupaniopsis</i> spp.	Cupaniopsis
<i>Cycas</i> spp.	Cycad
<i>Dianthus</i> spp.	Dianthus
<i>Dietes</i> spp.	Dietes
<i>Diospyros</i> spp.	Persimmon
<i>Dodonaea</i> spp.	Dodonaea
<i>Elaeagnus</i> spp.	Elaeagnus
<i>Elaeocarpus</i> spp.	Elaeocarpus
<i>Ensete</i> spp.	Ensete
<i>Erigeron</i> spp.	Fleabane
<i>Eriobotrya</i> spp.	Eriobotrya
<i>Erythrina</i> spp.	Coral tree
<i>Escallonia</i> spp.	Escallonia
<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.	Eucalyptus
<i>Eugenia</i> spp.	Eugenia
<i>Euonymus</i> spp.	Euonymus
<i>Eupatorium</i> spp.	Boneset
<i>Euryops</i> spp.	Euryops
<i>Fatshedera</i> spp.	Aralia ivy
<i>Feijoa</i> spp.	Feijoa
<i>Ficus</i> spp.	Fig
<i>Forsythia</i> spp.	Golden-bells
<i>Fortunella</i> spp.	Kumquat
<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.	Ash
<i>Gardenia</i> spp.	Gardenia
<i>Gazania</i> spp.	Gazania

<i>Geijera</i> spp.	Geijera
<i>Gelsemium</i> spp.	Yellow jessamine
<i>Ginkgo</i> spp.	Gingko
<i>Gladiolus</i> spp.	Gladiolus
<i>Gossypium</i> spp.	Cotton
<i>Grevillea</i> spp.	Spider flower
<i>Grewia</i> spp.	Grewia
<i>Hardenbergia</i> spp.	Hardenbergia
<i>Harpephyllum</i> spp.	Kaffir plum
<i>Hedera</i> spp.	Ivy
<i>Helianthus</i> spp.	Sunflower
<i>Heimerocallis</i> spp.	Daylily
<i>Heteromeles</i> spp.	Toyon
<i>Hibiscus</i> spp.	Hibiscus
<i>Howea</i> spp.	Sentry palm
<i>Hymenosporum</i> spp.	Hymenosporum
<i>Hypericum</i> spp.	St. John's-wort
<i>Ilex</i> spp.	Holly
<i>Itea</i> spp.	Itea
<i>Jacaranda</i> spp.	Green ebony
<i>Jasminum</i> spp.	Jasmine
<i>Juglans</i> spp.	Walnut
<i>Koelreuteria</i> spp.	Golden-rain tree
<i>Lactuca</i> spp.	Lettuce
<i>Lagerstroemia</i> spp.	Crape myrtle
<i>Lantana</i> spp.	Shrub verbena

<i>Laurus</i> spp.	Laurel
<u><i>Leucospermum</i> spp.</u>	<u>Pincushion</u>
<i>Ligustrum</i> spp.	Privet
<i>Limonium</i> spp.	Statice
<i>Lippia</i> spp.	Lippia
<i>Liquidambar</i> spp.	Sweet gum
<i>Liriodendron</i> spp.	Tulip tree
<i>Litchi</i> spp.	Lychee
<i>Lonicera</i> spp.	Honeysuckle
<i>Loropetalum</i> spp.	Loropetalum
<i>Macadamia</i> spp.	Macadamia
<i>Magnolia</i> spp.	Magnolia
<i>Malus</i> spp.	Apple
<i>Malva</i> spp.	Mallow
<i>Mandevilla</i> spp.	Mandevilla
<i>Mangifera</i> spp.	Mango
<i>Maytenus</i> spp.	Maytenus
<i>Melaleuca</i> spp.	Honey myrtle
<i>Melia</i> spp.	Chinaberry
<i>Metrosideros</i> spp.	Metrosideros
<i>Michelia</i> spp.	Champak
<i>Mirabilis</i> spp.	Umbrella wort
<i>Monarda</i> spp.	Wild bergamot
<i>Morus</i> spp.	Mulberry
<i>Murraya</i> spp.	Orange jessamine
<i>Myoporum</i> spp.	Myoporum
<i>Myrsine</i> spp.	Myrsine

<i>Myrtus</i> spp.	Myrtle
<i>Nandina</i> spp.	Nandina
<i>Nephrolepis</i> spp.	Sword fern
<i>Nerium</i> spp.	Oleander
<i>Nicotiana</i> spp.	Tree tobacco
<i>Nyssa</i> spp.	Tupelo
<i>Oenothera</i> spp.	Evening primrose
<i>Olea</i> spp.	Olive
<i>Opuntia</i> spp.	Cactus
<i>Osmanthus</i> spp.	Osmanthus
<i>Osteospermum</i> spp.	Osteospermum
<i>Pachysandra</i> spp.	Spurge
<i>Pandorea</i> spp.	Pandorea
<i>Parthenocissus</i> spp.	Woodbine
<i>Passiflora</i> spp.	Passion fruit
<i>Pelargonium</i> spp.	Pelargonium
<i>Penstemon</i> spp.	Beard-tongue
<i>Persea</i> spp.	Avocado
<i>Philadelphus</i> spp.	Mock orange
<i>Philodendron</i> spp.	Philodendron
<i>Phlox</i> spp.	Phlox
<i>Phoenix</i> spp.	Date palm
<i>Phormium</i> spp.	Flax lily
<i>Photinia</i> spp.	Photinia
<i>Phyla</i> spp.	Frogfruit
<i>Phytolacca</i> spp.	Pokeweed
<i>Pinus</i> spp.	Pine

<i>Pistacia</i> spp.	Pistachio
<i>Pittosporum</i> spp.	Pittosporum
<i>Platanus</i> spp.	Sycamore
<i>Platycterium</i> spp.	Staghorn fern
<i>Plumbago</i> spp.	Leadwort
<i>Podocarpus</i> spp.	Podocarpus
<i>Polygala</i> spp.	Milkwort
<i>Polygonum</i> spp.	Polygonum
<i>Populus</i> spp.	Cottonwood
<i>Portulacaria</i> spp.	Portulacaria
<i>Protea</i> spp.	Protea
<i>Prunus</i> spp.	Prunus
<i>Psidium</i> spp.	Guava
<i>Punica</i> spp.	Pomegranate
<i>Pyracantha</i> spp.	Pyracantha/Firethorn
<i>Pyrus</i> spp.	Pear
<i>Quercus</i> spp.	Oak
<i>Raphiolepis</i> spp.	Raphiolepis
<i>Rhamnus</i> spp.	Buckthorn
<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.	Azalea
<i>Rhus</i> spp.	Sumac
<i>Robinia</i> spp.	Locust
<i>Rosa</i> spp.	Rose
<i>Rubus</i> spp.	Blackberry
<i>Rudbeckia</i> spp.	Coneflower
<i>Salix</i> spp.	Willow
<i>Sambucus</i> spp.	Elderberry

<i>Sapium</i> spp.	Sapium
<u><i>Sarcococca</i> spp.</u>	<u>Sweet box</u>
<i>Sassafras</i> spp.	Sassafras
<i>Schefflera</i> spp.	Umbrella tree
<i>Schinus</i> spp.	Schinus
<u><i>Schlumbergera</i> spp.</u>	<u>Christmas cactus</u>
<i>Simmondsia</i> spp.	Jobba
<i>Solanum</i> spp.	Solanum
<i>Solidago</i> spp.	Goldenrod
<i>Sonchus</i> spp.	Sonchus
<i>Sorbus</i> spp.	Mountain ash
<i>Sorghum</i> spp.	Sorghum
<i>Strelitzia</i> spp.	Bird-of-paradise
<i>Syringa</i> spp.	Lilac
<i>Syzygium</i> spp.	Syzygium
<i>Tabebuia</i> spp.	Trumpet tree
<i>Tecomaria</i> spp.	Tecomaria
<i>Ternstroemia</i> spp.	Ternstroemia
<i>Thuja</i> spp.	Arborvitae
<i>Tipuana</i> spp.	Tipu Tree
<i>Trachelospermum</i> spp.	Trachelospermum
<i>Tradescantia</i> spp.	Spiderwort
<i>Tristania</i> spp.	Tristania
<i>Tulbaghia</i> spp.	Tulbaghia
<i>Tupidanthus</i> spp.	Tupidanthus
<i>Ulmus</i> spp.	Elm
<i>Vauquelinia</i> spp.	Arizona rosewood

<i>Veronica</i> spp.	Speedwell
<i>Viburnum</i> spp.	Viburnum
<i>Vigna</i> spp.	Vigna
<i>Vinca</i> spp.	Periwinkle
<i>Viola</i> spp.	Violet
<i>Vitis</i> spp.	Grape
<i>Washingtonia</i> spp.	Washington palm
<i>Wisteria</i> spp.	Wisteria
<i>Xanthium</i> spp.	Cocklebur
<i>Xylosma</i> spp.	Xylosma
<i>Yucca</i> spp.	Yucca
<i>Zantedeschia</i> spp.	Calla lily
<i>Zea</i> spp.	Zea

Authority: Sections 407 and 6047, Food and Agricultural Code.

Reference: Section 6045, Food and Agricultural Code.

Section 3662. Standards for Movement.

Bulk citrus from an infested area shall meet the standards in (a) or (b) prior to shipment to a non-infested area or an area in which an active control program is being conducted; or prior to transiting a non-infested area or an area in which an active control program is being conducted. The owner shall notify the county agricultural commissioner (of the county in which the grove is located) a minimum of 72 hours prior to the initiation of harvest.

(a) The bulk citrus have been harvested, handled, or treated in a manner approved by the Department to eliminate all live vectors including, but not limited to, the following:

- (1) Treat grove(s) when infestation levels of vectors are evidenced by multiple detections(s); or,
- (2) Mechanically brush and protect citrus from infestation by vectors; or,
- (3) Post-harvest treatment of citrus.

(b) The bulk citrus have originated from a non-infested grove as determined by surveys, including trapping and visual, approved by the Department to detect the presence of vectors and the citrus fruit are monitored during

harvest.

(c) To ensure that the standards in (a) or (b) are met, the receiver shall do all of the following:

(1) Collect the certificates, required in Section 3663, for each shipment and maintain them as part of the shipment documentation.

(2) Notify the agricultural commissioner (of the county in which the receiver is located) when suspect vectors are detected.

(3) Safeguard infested shipments until rejection action is specified by the agricultural commissioner.

(4) Maintain shipment records for two years. These records shall be made available to the county agricultural commissioner during normal business hours.

~~If not otherwise amended, effective October 1, 2003, this section shall read:~~

~~Bulk citrus shall meet the following standards prior to shipment from an infested area to a non-infested area or an area in which an active control program is being conducted; or prior to transiting a non-infested area or an area in which an active control program is being conducted:~~

~~(a) The bulk citrus have been harvested, handled, or treated in a manner approved by the Department to eliminate all live vectors; or,~~

~~(b) The bulk citrus have originated from a non-infested grove as determined by surveys, including trapping and visual, approved by the Department to detect the presence of vectors and the citrus fruit are monitored during harvest.~~

Authority: Sections 407 and 6047, Food and Agricultural Code.

Reference: Section 6045, Food and Agricultural Code.